

Approval body for construction products
and types of construction

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

An institution established by the Federal and
Laender Governments



European Technical Assessment

ETA-15/0027
of 20 September 2022

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the
European Technical Assessment:

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Trade name of the construction product

EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A

Product family
to which the construction product belongs

Plastic anchor for redundant non-structural systems in
concrete and masonry

Manufacturer

EJOT SE & Co. KG
Astenbergstraße 21
57319 Bad Berleburg
DEUTSCHLAND

Manufacturing plant

manufacturing plant EJOT 1, 2, 3 und 4

This European Technical Assessment
contains

15 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part
of this assessment

This European Technical Assessment is
issued in accordance with Regulation (EU)
No 305/2011, on the basis of

EAD 330284-00-0604 edition 12/2020

This version replaces

ETA-15/0027 issued on 30 January 2015

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Specific part

1 Technical description of the product

The frame fixing EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A is a plastic anchor consisting of a plastic sleeve made of polyamide and an accompanying specific screw of galvanised steel, of galvanised steel with additional organic coating or of stainless steel.

The plastic sleeve is expanded by screwing in the specific screw which presses the sleeve against the wall of the drilled hole.

The product description is given in Annex A.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the anchors of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

| Essential characteristic | Performance |
|--------------------------|---------------|
| Reaction to fire | Class A1 |
| Resistance to fire | See Annex C 1 |

3.2 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 4)

| Essential characteristic | Performance |
|--|-------------------------|
| Resistance to steel failure under tension loading | See Annex C 1 |
| Resistance to steel failure under shear loading | See Annex C 1 |
| Resistance to pull-out or concrete failure under tension loading (base material group a) | See Annex C 1 |
| Resistance in any load direction without lever arm (base material group b, c, d) | See Annexes C 2 and C 3 |
| Edge distance and spacing (base material group a) | See Annex B 2 |
| Edge distance and spacing (base material group b, c, d) | See Annex B 3 and B 4 |
| Displacements under short-term and long-term loading | See Annex C 1 and C 3 |
| Durability | See Annex B 1 |

English translation prepared by DIBt

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with European Assessment Document EAD 330284-00-0604 the applicable European legal act is: 97/463/EC.

The system to be applied is: 2+

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable EAD

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

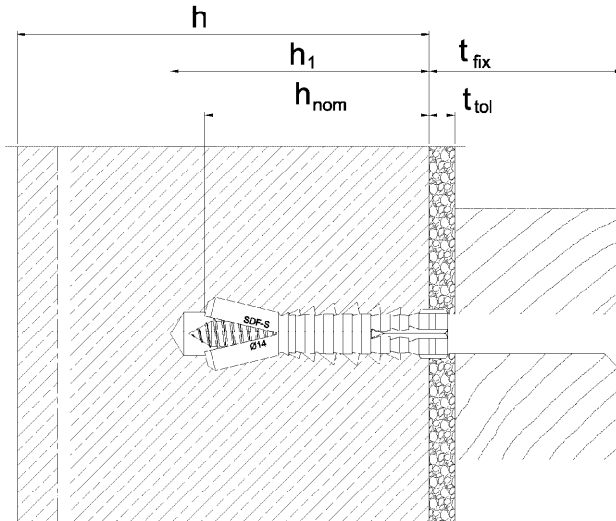
Issued in Berlin on 20 September 2022 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Dipl.-Ing. Beatrix Wittstock
Head of Section

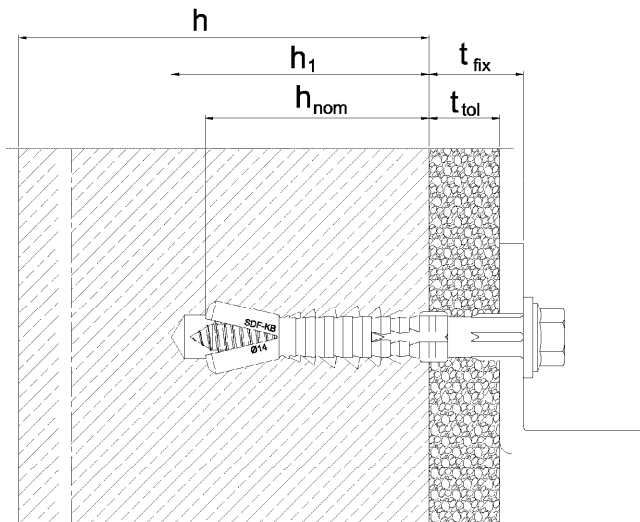
beglaubigt:
Ziegler

Intended use

Anchorage in concrete, solid-bricks, hollow-bricks and autoclaved aerated concrete



Picture 1: Intended use: screw head-type: countersunk (S)



Picture 2: Intended use: screw head-type: hexagon head with collar (KB)

Legend

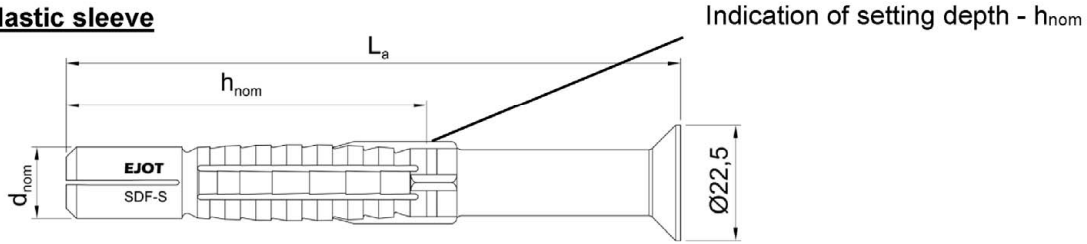
- h = Thickness of member
- h_1 = Depth of drilled hole to deepest point
- h_{nom} = Overall plastic anchor embedment depth in base material
- t_{toi} = Thickness of equalizing layer or non-load bearing coating
- t_{fix} = t_{toi} + Thickness of fixture

EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A

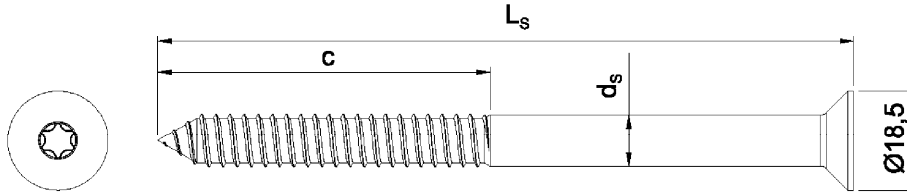
Product description
Installed condition

Annex A 1

Plastic sleeve



Special screw



Picture 1: type of anchor: countersunk (S)

Anchor marking:

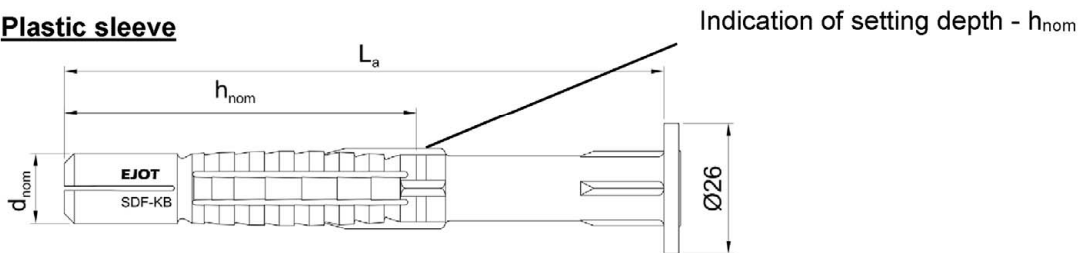
manufacturer, anchor type incl. Head type, diameter, length (at the anchor tip)

example: EJOT SDF-S-14A x 100

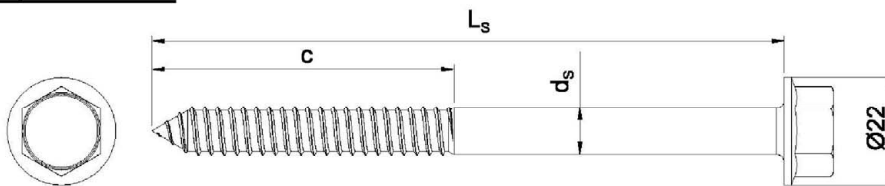
screw marking:

length of anchor (e.g. 100)

Plastic sleeve



Special screw



Picture 2: Type of anchor: collar with flange (KB)

Anchor marking:

manufacturer, anchor type incl. Head type, diameter, length (at the anchor tip)

example: EJOT SDF-KB-14A x 100

screw marking:

length of anchor (e.g. 100)

EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A

Product description

Anchor types, marking of anchor sleeve and specific screw

Annex A 2

Product designation key

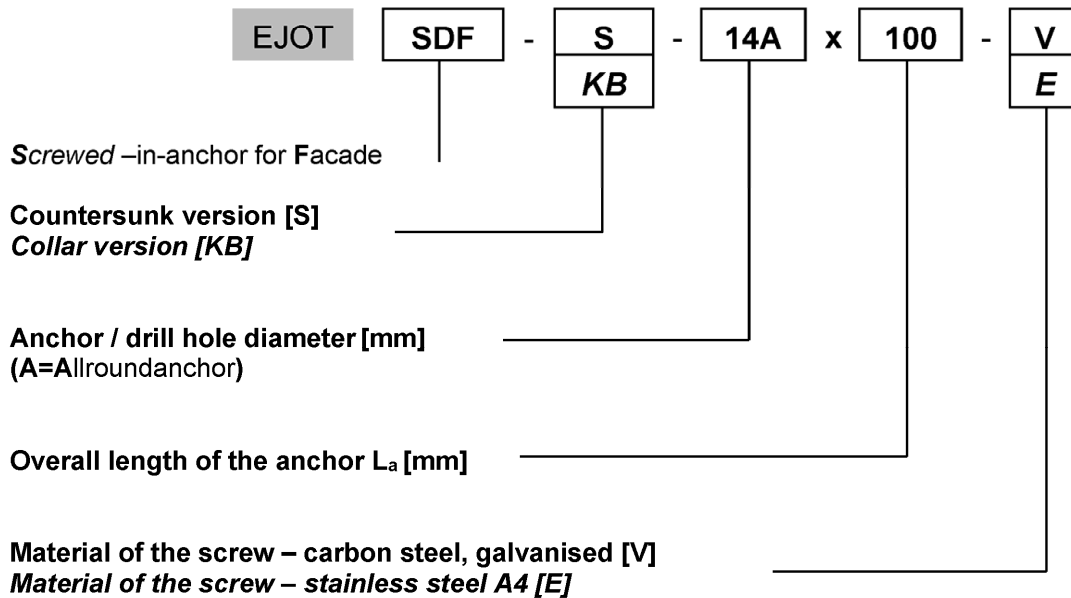


Table A3.1: Dimensions [mm]

| Anchor type | Anchor sleeve | | | | | Specific screw | | |
|---|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------|-------|----|
| | colour | d_{nom} | h_{nom} | min L_a | max L_a | L_s | d_s | c |
| SDF – KB – $\varnothing 14$ | red | 14 | 70 | 80 | 220 | $L_a + 8,0$ | 9,6 | 60 |
| SDF – S – $\varnothing 14$ | red | 14 | 70 | 80 | 360 | $L_a + 8,0$ | 9,6 | 60 |

Designations: Annex A 2

Table A3.2: Materials

| Element | Material |
|----------------------|--|
| Anchor sleeve | Polyamide PA6, colour see Table A3.1 |
| Special screw | Carbon steel, galvanized > 5 μm in accordance with EN ISO 4042:2018 |
| | Carbon steel, galvanized > 5 μm in accordance with EN ISO 4042:2018 with additional organic coating (C1000) |
| | Stainless steel of corrosion resistance class CRC III in accordance with EN 1993-1-4:2006 + A1:2015 |

EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A

Product description
Dimensions and materials

Annex A 3

Specifications of intended use

Anchorage subject to:

- Static and quasi-static loads.
- Redundant non-structural systems

Base materials:

- Reinforced or unreinforced compacted normal weight concrete without fibres with strength classes \geq C12/15 (base material group a), in accordance with EN 206:2013+A1:2016, Annex C 2
- Solid brick masonry (base material group b), according to Annex C 2.
Note: The characteristic resistance is also valid for larger brick sizes and larger compressive strength of the masonry unit.
- Hollow brick masonry (base material group c), according to Annex C 2.
- Autoclaved aerated concrete (base material group d), according to Annex C 3.
- Mortar strength class of the masonry \geq M2,5 at minimum according to EN 998-2:2010.
- For other base materials of the (base material group a, b, c and d) the characteristic resistance of the anchor may be determined by job site tests accordance with TR 051:2018-04.

Temperature Range:

- c: -20°C to 50°C (max. short term temperature $+ 50^{\circ}\text{C}$ and max long term temperature $+30^{\circ}\text{C}$)
- b: -20°C to 80°C (max. short term temperature $+ 80^{\circ}\text{C}$ and max long term temperature $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Use conditions (Environmental conditions):

- Structures subject to dry internal conditions (zinc coated steel, stainless steel).
- The specific screw made of galvanized steel may also be used in structures subject to external atmospheric exposure, if the area of the head of the screw is protected against moisture and driving rain after mounting of the fixing unit in this way, that intrusion of moisture into the anchor shaft is prevented. Therefor there shall be an external cladding or a ventilated rainscreen mounted in front of the head of the screw and the head of the screw itself shall be coated with a soft plastic, permanently elastic bitumen-oil-combination coating (e. g. undercoating or body cavity protection for cars).
- Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment) and permanently damp internal condition, if no particular aggressive conditions exist (stainless steel).
- Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Design:

- The anchorages are designed in accordance with TR 064:2018-05 under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and masonry work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings shall be prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored. The position of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings

Installation:

- Hole drilling by the drill modes according to Annex C for base material group a,b,c and d.
- Anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site.
- Installation temperature from -10°C to $+40^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Exposure to UV due to solar radiation of the anchor not protected \leq 6 weeks
- No ingress of water in the borehole at temperatures $< 0^{\circ}\text{C}$.

EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A

Intended use
Specifications

Annex B 1

Table B2.1: Installation parameters

| Anchor type | SDF-KB-14A SDF-S-14A | |
|--|-------------------------|---------|
| Base material group ¹⁾ | a,b,c,d | |
| Drill hole diameter | d_0 [mm] | = 14 |
| Cutting diameter of drill bit | d_{cut} [mm] | ≤ 14,45 |
| Depth of the drill hole to deepest point | h_1 [mm] | ≥ 85 |
| Overall plastic anchor embedment depth ²⁾ | h_{nom} [mm] | ≥ 70 |
| Diameter of the clearance hole in the fixture | d_f [mm] | ≤ 15,4 |
| Thickness of fixture | t_{fix} [mm] | ≥ 10 |
| minimum temperature during installation process | [°C] | -20 |
| Temperature range (c) | [°C] | 30 - 50 |
| Temperature range (b) | [°C] | 50 - 80 |

1) Base material group: a = concrete, b = solid masonry, c = hollow or perforated masonry, d = autoclaved aerated concrete

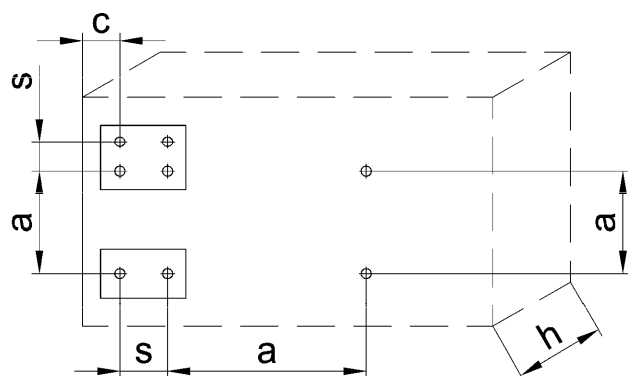
2) For masonry of hollow or perforated brick the influence $h_{nom} > 70$ mm has to be determined by job-site tests in accordance with TR 051:2018-04.

Table B2.2: Minimum member thickness, spacing and edge distance in concrete (base material group a)

| Compressive strength of concrete | Minimum member thickness h_{min} [mm] | Characteristic edge distance $c_{cr,N}$ [mm] | Characteristic spacing a [mm] | Minimum spacing c_{min} [mm] | Minimum edge distance s_{min} [mm] |
|----------------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| ≥ C12/15 | 130 | 140 | 135 | 140 | 110 |
| ≥ C16/20 | 130 | 100 | 120 | 100 | 80 |

Fixing points with a spacing $\leq a$ are considered as a group with maximum characteristic resistance $N_{Rk,p}$ according to Table C1.3. For a spacing $> a$ the anchors are always considered as single anchors, each with a characteristic resistance $N_{Rk,p}$ according to Table C1.3.

Scheme of spacing and edge distances in concrete



h = member thickness
c = edge distance
a = spacing
s = spacing within an anchor group

EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A

Intended use

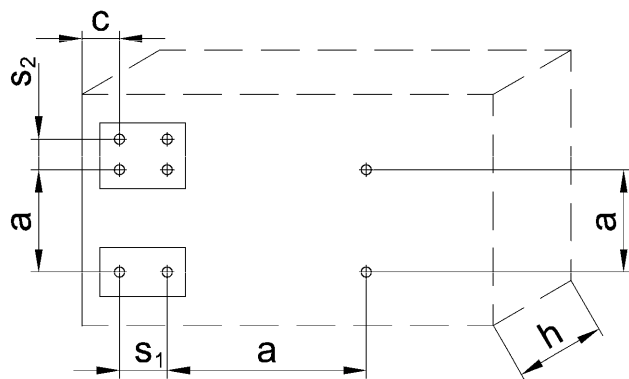
Installation parameters, member thickness, spacing and edge distance in concrete

Annex B 2

**Table B3.1: Minimum member thickness, spacing and edge distance in masonry
(base material group b and c)**

| Base Material | Minimum thickness of member h_{min} [mm] | Single Anchor | | Anchor Group | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | Minimum edge distance c_{min} [mm] | Minimum spacing a [mm] | Minimum edge distance c_{min} [mm] | Minimum spacing $s_{1,min}$ [mm] | Minimum spacing $s_{2,min}$ [mm] |
| solid masonry | | | | | | |
| 771 1-001 Mz | 115 | 120 | 250 | 120 | 120 | 120 |
| 771 2-009 KS | 115 | 120 | 250 | 120 | 120 | 120 |
| 771 2-002 KS | 240 | 125 | 250 | 125 | 120 | 120 |
| 771 3-006 V | 175 | 120 | 250 | 120 | 120 | 120 |
| hollow masonry | | | | | | |
| 771 1-002 Hz | 115 | 120 | 250 | 120 | 120 | 120 |
| 771 2-003 KSL | 239 | 100 | 250 | 100 | 80 | 80 |
| 771 3-005 Hbl | 175 | 100 | 250 | 100 | 80 | 250 |

Scheme of spacing and edge distances in masonry



- h = member thickness
- c = edge distance
- a = spacing
- s_1 = spacing (perpendicular to free edge) within an anchor group
- s_2 = spacing (parallel to free edge) within an anchor group

EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A

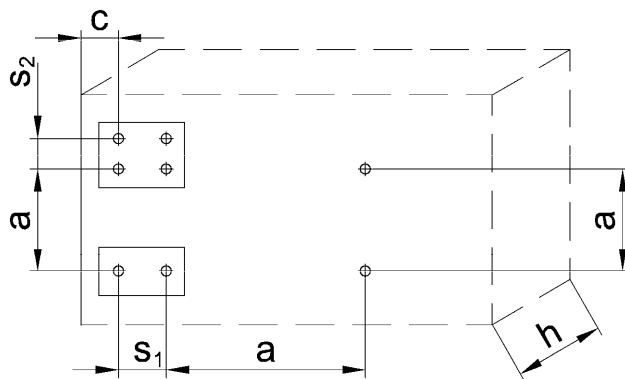
Intended use
Member thickness, spacing and edge distance in masonry

Annex B 3

Table B4.1: Minimum distances and dimensions in autoclaved aerated concrete (base material group d)

| Autoclaved aerated concrete | | | $f_{ck} \geq 2 \text{ N/mm}^2$ | $f_{ck} \geq 4 \text{ N/mm}^2$ |
|---|-------------|------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Nominal embedment depth | h_{nom} | [mm] | 70 | 70 |
| Single anchor | | | | |
| Minimum thickness of member | h_{min} | [mm] | 175 | 300 |
| Minimum edge distance | c_{min} | [mm] | 100 | 100 |
| Minimum spacing | s_{min} | [mm] | 250 | 250 |
| Anchor Group | | | | |
| Minimum thickness of member | h_{min} | [mm] | 300 | 300 |
| Minimum edge distance | $c_{1,min}$ | [mm] | 100 | 120 |
| Minimum edge distance (perpendicular to $c_{1,min}$) | $c_{2,min}$ | [mm] | 120 | 150 |
| Minimum spacing (perpendicular to free edge) | $s_{1,min}$ | [mm] | 80 | 100 |
| Minimum spacing parallel to free edge | $s_{2,min}$ | [mm] | 100 | 120 |

Scheme of spacing and edge distances in autoclaved aerated concrete



- h = member thickness
- c = edge distance
- a = spacing
- s_1 = spacing (perpendicular to free edge) within an anchor group
- s_2 = spacing (parallel to free edge) within an anchor group

EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A

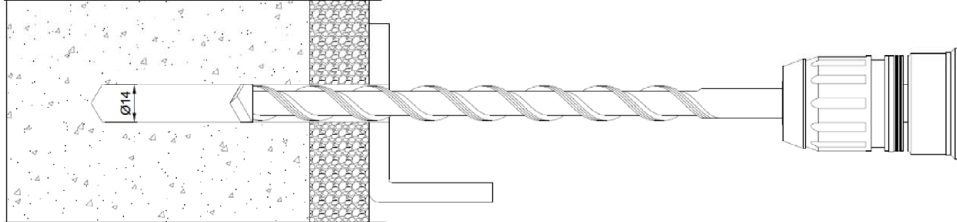
Intended use
Member thickness, spacing and edge distance in autoclaved aerated concrete

Annex B 4

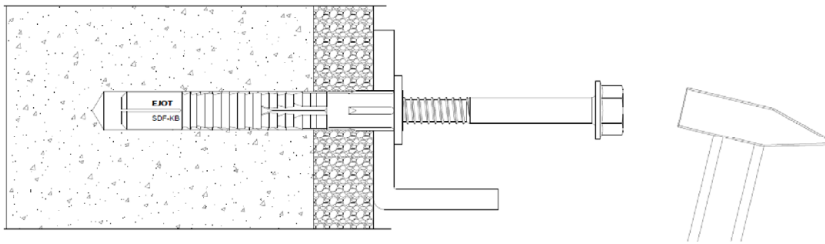
Installation instructions

(the following pictures show fixing through metal growing part exemplary)

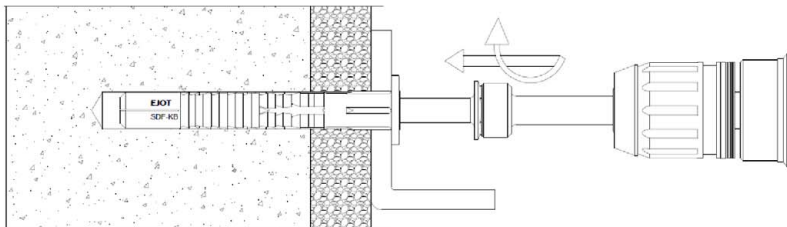
1. Drill the bore hole \varnothing 14 mm using the drill method described in the corresponding Annex C



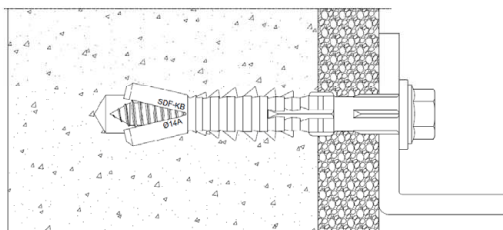
2. Clean the bore hole.
Insert assembly group of anchor (screw and sleeve) using a hammer, until the plastic sleeve is flush with surface of fixture



3. The screw is screwed –in until the head of the screw touches the plastic sleeve.



4. Correctly installed anchor



EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A

Intended use
Installation instructions

Annex B 5

Table C1.1: Characteristic resistance of the screw

| Failure of expansion element (special screw) | | SDF-14A | |
|--|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | | Galvanized steel | Stainless steel |
| Characteristic tension resistance | $N_{Rk,s}$ [kN] | 43,3 | 50,7 |
| Partial safety factor | $\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$ | 1,5 | 1,87 |
| Characteristic shear resistance | $V_{Rk,s}$ [kN] | 21,7 | 25,3 |
| Characteristic bending resistance | $M_{Rk,s}$ [Nm] | 62,5 | 72,9 |
| Partial safety factor | $\gamma_{Ms}^{1)}$ | 1,25 | 1,56 |

¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations

Table C1.2: Displacements ¹⁾²⁾ under tension and shear loading in concrete, solid- and hollow masonry

| Anchor Type | Tension or shear load | Displacements under tension load | | Displacements under shear load | |
|-------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | δ_{N0} [mm] | $\delta_{N\infty}$ [mm] | δ_{V0} [mm] | $\delta_{V\infty}$ [mm] |
| SDF-14A | $F = N = V$ [kN] | | | | |
| | 3,4 | 0,71 | 0,84 | 2,42 | 3,63 |

¹⁾ Valid for all ranges of temperatures (b and c)

²⁾ Intermediate values by linear interpolation

Table C1.3: Characteristic resistance for use in concrete

| Pull-out failure | Characteristic resistance |
|--|---------------------------|
| Concrete \geq C12/15 | |
| Characteristic resistance | $N_{Rk,p}^{2)3)}$ [kN] |
| Partial safety factor | $\gamma_{Mc}^{1)}$ |
| | 8,5 |
| | 1,8 |

¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations

²⁾ Valid for all ranges of temperatures (c and b)

³⁾ Hammer drilling

Table C1.4: Values under fire exposure in concrete C20/25 to C50/60 in each load direction, no permanent centric tension load and without lever arm, fastening of facade systems (Fire resistance class R 90)

| | |
|--|------------|
| Characteristic tension resistance $F_{Rk,\bar{n},90}$ [kN] | $\leq 0,8$ |
| Partial safety factor $\gamma_{M,\bar{n}}^{1)}$ | 1,0 |

¹⁾ In absence of other national regulations

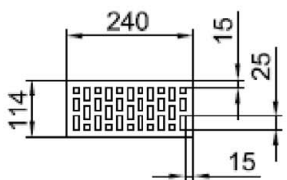
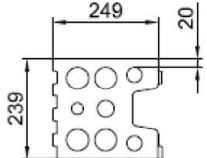
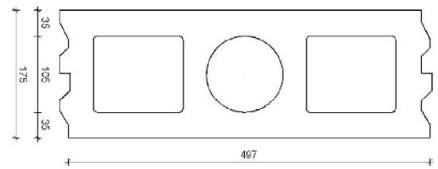
EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A

Performances

Characteristic resistance, Displacements under tension and shear loading in concrete, masonry and autoclaved aerated concrete, values under fire exposure

Annex C 1

Table C2.1: Characteristic resistance F_{Rk} in solid- and hollow masonry

| Base material | Minimum size (LxWxH) [mm] | Drilling method | Minimum compressive strength f_b [N/mm ²] | c_{min} [mm] | $F_{Rk}^{3)}$ [kN] |
|--|---------------------------|---|---|---|--------------------------------|
| Solid masonry | | | | | |
| Clay brick Mz 2DF 20-1.8 (EN 771-1:2011+ A1:2015) | 240x115x113 | H ¹⁾ | 20 | 120 | 5,5 (6,0)⁴⁾ |
| | | | 10 | | 4,0 |
| Calcium silicate solid brick KS 2DF 20-2.0 (EN 771-2:2011+ A1:2015) | 240x115x113 | H ¹⁾ | 20 | 250 | 6,0 |
| | | | 10 | | 4,0 |
| | | | 20 | 120 | 2,0 |
| | | | 10 | | 1,5 |
| Calcium silicate solid brick KS 8DF 20-1.8 (EN 771-2:2011+ A1:2015) | 249x240x238 | H ¹⁾ | 20 | 125 | 7,0 |
| | | | 10 | | 5,0 |
| Solid brick V 3DF 8-1.2 (EN 771-3:2011+ A1:2015) | 240x175x113 | H ¹⁾ | 8 | 120 | 3,0 (4,0)⁴⁾ |
| | | | 6 | | 2,0 (3,0)⁴⁾ |
| | | | 4 | | 1,5 (2,0)⁴⁾ |
| | | | 2 | | 0,75 (0,9)⁴⁾ |
| Hollow or perforated masonry | | | | | |
| Vertically perforated clay brick – Hlz 2DF 28-1.2 (EN 771-1:2011+ A1:2015) (picture 1) | 240x115x113 | R ¹⁾ | 28 | 120 | 2,0 (2,5)⁴⁾ |
| | | | 20 | | 1,5 (1,5)⁴⁾ |
| | | | 10 | | 0,75 (0,9)⁴⁾ |
| Hollow calc. silicate brick KSL 8DF 16-1.4 (picture 2) (EN 771-2:2011+ A1:2015) | 249x239x238 | H ¹⁾ | 20 | 100 | 2,5 |
| | | | 10 | | 1,2 |
| Hollow brick lightweight concrete – Hbl 12DF 4-1.2 (EN 771-3:2011+ A1:2015) (picture 3) | 490x175x239 | R ¹⁾ | 6 | 100 | 2,5 |
| | | | 4 | | 1,5 |
| | | | 2 | | 0,75 |
| <i>Partial safety factor $\gamma_{Mm}^{2)}$</i> | | | | | 2,5 |
| Picture 1 | | Picture 2 | | Picture 3 | |
|  | |  | |  | |

- 1) H = Hammerdrilling R = Rotary Drilling
 2) In absence of other national regulations
 3) Temperature range b and c
 4) Valid only for temperature range c

EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A

Performances
 Characteristic resistance in solid and hollow masonry

Annex C 2

Table C3.1: Displacements under tension and shear loading in autoclaved aerated concrete

| SDF-14A | Tension or shear load | Displacements under tension load ²⁾ | | Displacements under shear load ²⁾ | |
|--|-----------------------|--|--------------------|--|--------------------|
| | | $F = N = V$ [kN] | δ_{N0} [mm] | $\delta_{N\infty}$ [mm] | δ_{V0} [mm] |
| Autoclaved aerated concrete EN 771-4:2011+A1:2015 | | | | | |
| $f_{ck} \geq 2 \text{ N/mm}^2$ | 0,43 | 0,35 | 0,70 | 0,86 | 1,29 |
| $f_{ck} \geq 3 \text{ N/mm}^2$ | 0,78 | 0,40 | 0,81 | 1,45 | 2,17 |
| $f_{ck} \geq 4 \text{ N/mm}^2$ | 1,02 | 0,46 | 0,93 | 2,04 | 3,06 |
| $f_{ck} \geq 5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ | 1,31 | 0,52 | 1,04 | 2,63 | 3,94 |
| $f_{ck} \geq 6 \text{ N/mm}^2$ | 1,61 | 0,58 | 1,16 | 3,22 | 4,83 |

- 1) Valid for all ranges of temperatures
2) Intermediate values by linear interpolation

Table C3.2: Characteristic resistance F_{Rk} ²⁾ in autoclaved aerated concrete

| Uncracked aerated concrete (aerated concrete blocks) in accordance with EN 771-4:2011 +A1:2015 | Minimum compressive strength f_{ck} [N/mm ²] | F_{Rk} ¹⁾ [kN] | F_{Rk} ¹⁾ [kN] |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | Temperature range c (30°C – 50°C) | Temperature range b (50°C – 80°C) |
| | 2 | 1,2 | 0,9 |
| | 3 | 2,0 | 1,5 |
| | 4 | 2,5 | 2,5 |
| | 5 | 3,5 | 3,0 |
| | 6 | 4,5 | 3,5 |
| <i>Partial safety factor</i> | | γ_{MAAC} ³⁾ 2,0 | |

- 1) Drilling method hammer drilling
2) Characteristic resistance for tension, shear or combined tension and shear loading.
3) In absence of other national regulations

| | |
|--|-----------|
| EJOT / SORMAT SDF-14A | Annex C 3 |
| Performances Characteristic resistance and displacements in autoclaved aerated concrete | |